ANESTHESIOLOGICAL PRE-OPERATIVE QUESTIONNAIRE

First name and last name		Tel. contact		
Date of birth		Growth	Blood group Rh	
Diagnosis and planned treatm	nent:			
Date of qualification for the procedure:		D	ate of planned surgery:	

Dear Parents!

Surgical procedures and some diagnostic procedures require that your child sleeps, does not move and does not feel pain during them. We can achieve this by various methods of anesthesia. The doctor - anesthesiologist is responsible for its course and safety.

The anesthesiologist, after reading the following questionnaire, conducting a thorough examination and asking for the necessary details, will select the method of anesthesia that best suits the procedure your child will undergo, discuss it with you, and explain any doubts you may have.

Attention!

For at least 24 hours after the operation (anesthesia), the child should be under constant care - balance and coordination disorders may occur. He may just fall over, fall off the chair, etc. and hurt himself.

SEDATION

General anesthesia is not necessary for some painless diagnostic procedures and surgical procedures using local or regional anesthesia. We only administer drugs that cause sedation or shallow sleep. This condition is called sedation. It often causes forgetfulness of the period of the operation, the diagnostic procedure. Under its influence, the child sleeps, does not move, or is simply calm even when awake.

GENERAL ANESTHESIA

General anesthesia disables awareness and the ability to feel pain throughout the body. They are obtained by administering a combination of sleeping pills, analgesics and, if necessary, muscle relaxants. Then it is necessary to introduce into the trachea the so-called endotracheal tube and artificial respiration using an anesthetic machine. The tube is removed after the procedure is completed. In small children who are afraid of venipuncture, anesthesia is obtained by administering a mixture of anesthetic gases causing sleep through a mask. This way of falling asleep is usually well tolerated by them. The necessary venipuncture is performed after the child falls asleep. This way, the necessary medicines, drips, and if necessary, blood and its preparations are administered. Most children and teenagers have a venipuncture before going to sleep if they consent to it.

CORD ANESTHESIA

For some procedures, in addition to general anesthesia, conduction anesthesia can be performed. It consists in administering local anesthetic drugs to the appropriate place, which prevent the conduction of pain through the nerves. They turn off feeling basically only in the area where the surgery is performed. This allows you to perform surgery on the lower and upper limbs, surgery for hernias, phimosis, varicose veins and many others. The effect of the drugs is maintained after the end of the operation, thanks to which you do not feel pain, or the need for painkillers is very low. Often local anesthetics also turn off the function of the nerves responsible for moving the limbs, which may be weaker in the first hours. This is a normal symptom, passing after about 3-6 hours. Temporary difficulties in urinating may occur, in exceptional cases requiring catheterization of the urinary bladder. These disturbances pass after a few hours.

RISK OF ANESTHESIA

Severe, life-threatening complications during anesthesia are extremely rare. The risk of anesthesia is usually many times lower than the risk of surgical complications. Modern methods of anesthesia, accurate dosing of anesthetic agents and comprehensive monitoring of body functions make anesthesia safe, although unpredictable events may occur during anesthesia. The chance of their occurrence is negligible, but professional honesty requires mentioning them. Life-threatening complications include: cardiac arrhythmias, circulatory and respiratory arrest, severe anaphylactic reaction (allergy) and others. They occur mainly in severely ill patients with numerous comorbidities. An anesthesiologist is always present in the room, who will take appropriate action in case of complications. During the procedure, it may be necessary to perform additional activities not discussed with you, medical procedures justified by your good.

CAREFULLY READING AND ANSWERING THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS CAREFULLY WILL ALLOW THE ANESTHESIST TO PLAN AND PERFORM ANESTHESIA SAFELY

The	e correct answer is marked by ticking the appropriate box:	YES N	10 10	I DON'T K	NOW
	1. What medications is the child taking				
2. 3.	Has your child been vaccinated according to the vaccination schedule? Has it been operated on	YES C	NO NO	I DO NO' KNOW I	Г
		- <u>-</u>	1	DO NOT	
	Yes for in the year what an	nesthesia?			
	Yes for in the year what a				
4.	Did he tolerate the anesthesia well?		NO	I DON	"T 🗌
5.	Has he had a blood transfusion, blood preparations	YES	NO	KNOW	I
6.	If so, when was it? did he tolerate the transfusion well?	YES	NO	DON'T	
				KNOW	Ι
				DON'T	
Do	es your child have any of the following diseases:				
7.	Heart disease: heart defect, what? arrhythmia?	YES	NO		
8.	Hypertension	YES	NO	□ KNO □ I DON □ KNO	
9.	Is he under the care of a cardiologist	YES	NO		
10.	Lung diseases: tuberculosis, emphysema, pneumonia	_{YES} □	NO	I DON KNO	
11.	Asthma, COPD, frequent bronchitis, laryngitis	YES	NO	I DON	
12.	Stomach diseases: inflammation, reflux, peptic ulcer	YES	NO	KNO I DON KNO	T'T
13.	Liver diseases: infectious jaundice, cirrhosis, others	YES	NO	I DON KNO	
14.	Urinary system diseases: inflammation, urolithiasis, kidney failure, others	YES	NO	I DON KNO	T'T
15.	Metabolic diseases: diabetes	YES	NO	I DON KNO	T'T
16.	Thyroid diseases: hyperthyroidism, hypothyroidism	YES	NO	I DON KNO	
17.	Diseases of the pituitary gland, adrenal glands	YES	NO	I DON KNO	T'I
18.	Eye diseases: glaucoma, severe visual impairment, cataract	YES	NO	I DON KNO	T'I
19.	Systemic diseases nervous system: epilepsy, febrile convulsions, others	YES	NO	I DON KNO	

First name and last name:	. PESEL:	
20. Mood changes: depression, neurosis	YES NO	I DON'T
21. Diseases of the spine, joints	$\operatorname{YES} \square \operatorname{NO} \square$	I DON'T
22. Blood diseases, coagulation system diseases (e.g. hemophilia)	$\frac{\text{YES}}{1} \text{ NO}$	
23. Allergies? For what?	$_{\rm YES} \square _{\rm NO} \square$	KNOW I DON'T KNOW
24. Other diseases not mentioned		_
25. Date of last menstrual period		
26. Does he have - moving teeth, wears dentures, corrective braces YES NO I DON	T KNOW	
27. Does he wear contact lenses	YES 🗌 NO 📋	
28. Last meal at:		
29. Last drink at:		

 First name and last name: PESEL:

Perinatal history (complete in detail for infants and children up to 2 years of age, and in the case of special perinatal complications for older children)

From what pregnancy is she born? Pregnancy: normal complicated More information:	
The delivery took place in the week of pregnancy Physiological forceps vacuum caesarean section Apgar score:	

STATEMENT

I declare that I have truthfully answered the questions posed to me in the questionnaire.

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Legible signature

ATTENTION!

Anesthetics suppress the defense mechanisms that prevent the contents of the stomach from entering the lungs, therefore please strictly follow the following recommendations:

- You must not eat anything at least 6 (six) hours before the procedure.
- Drinking clear, non-carbonated liquids (apple juice, sweetened tea) in a few sips up to 2 hours before the operation. It cannot be cloudy juices, milk, milk drinks.
- If you have been advised to eat or drink otherwise, please follow the anesthetist's instructions.
- Prolonged fasting is not advisable, it does not bring any benefit.

CONSENT TO ANESTHESIA

I have understood the above information regarding anesthesia and have no further questions. I agree that the planned procedure will be performed under general or other appropriate anesthesia for my child. I agree to carry out anesthetic preparatory and accompanying procedures.

I consent to the following methods of anesthesia and additional procedures:						
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PRE-OPERATIVE ASSESSMENT (to be completed by an anesthetist)			
WORK:	Mallap	ati:	
Physical examination - c	deviatio	ns:	
	•••••		
	•••••		
	•••••		
	•••••		
I recommend the follow	ing add	itional tests before surgery:	
- blood group		OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:	
- Morphology			
- Ionogram			
- APTT, INR			
- Glycemy			
- RKZ			
- BUN, creatinine		I recommend consultations:	
- AspAt AlAt			

PREMEDICATION:					
LIQUIDS:	NaCl ml	WEIGHT ml			
MEDICINES: Ketonal	lng iv Pyralgir	nag Paracetamol mg pr.			
p.omg					

PLANNED ANESTHESIA:		
GENERAL COMPOUND	intubation	
PARAVERBONAL BLOCK	laryngeal mask face	
ESCODURAL, PP LOCAL	mask	
SEDATION	other notes:	
PERIPHERAL LV BLOCKING	••••••	